

Bustang & Bustang Outrider - New Approaches to Transit in Colorado





BUSTANG

 The Colorado Department of Transportation's first transit service. Launched July 13, 2015

MISSION

- Connect population/employment centers
- Connect transit agencies on the Front Range & I-70 Mountain corridor
- Provide reliable and economic alternative to the POV.

THREE ROUTES

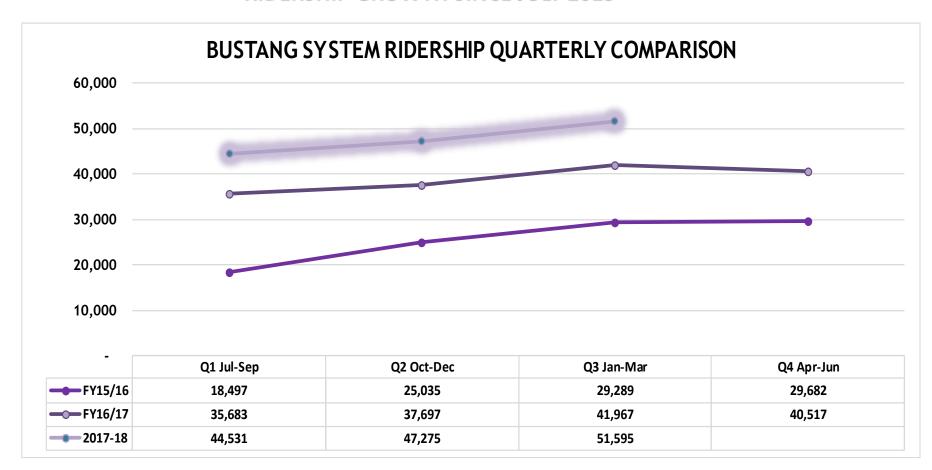
- COS DEN 7 Mon-Fri rt's & 2 Weekend & MAJOR holiday rt's
- FOCO DEN 7 Mon Fri rt's & 2 Weekend & MAJOR holiday rt's.
- GLENWOOD DEN daily 1 rt; VAIL DEN daily 1 rt; June 29 GJC DEN daily one rt



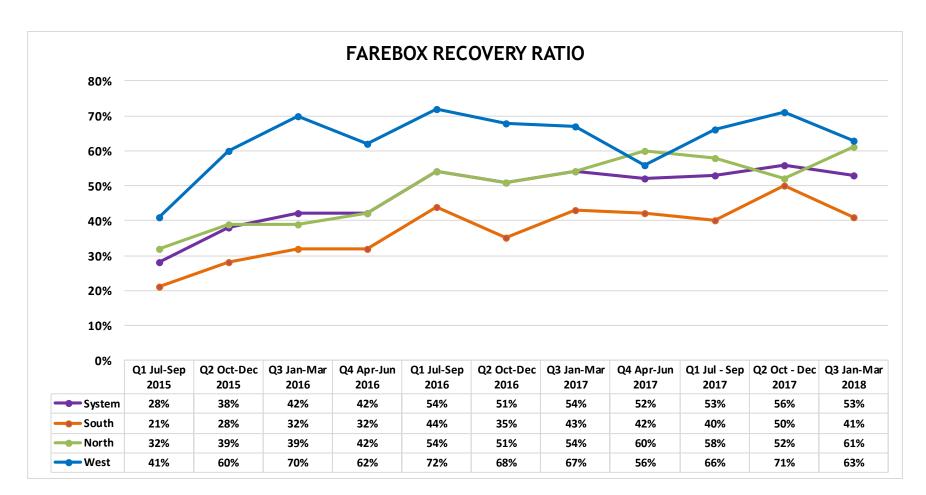




RIDERSHIP GROWTH SINCE JULY 2015















Building on Bustang's success Bustang Outrider, the son of Bustang arrives in rural Colorado.



Bustang Outrider will expand rural Colorado's access to quality transit

- Outrider is the re-branding of the current intercity bus rural regional 5311(f) program administered by CDOT for several years.
- 5311(f) is a formula grant program from the Federal Transit Administration and the funds <u>must</u> be used for rural, intercity bus service. <u>This funding source cannot legally be used for road work or construction.</u>
- This fiscally constrained effort will result in a marketed state-wide service with prioritized routes solicited with stakeholder and TPR/MPO input.
- Funded with FTA §5311(f) and with in-kind match (over the 50% net deficit) from the private for profit carriers contribution of unsubsidized capital or miles or Transit Development Credits.
 - May use unallocated FASTER Operating funds later.
 - Does not take away any local funding for transit or roads.
 - No local match needed with the for profit carriers contribution little to no financial risk to local operators.
- The Outrider bus network will enhance the existing network.
 - · Provide State owned fleet with the latest amenities, reliability and comfort.
 - Provide a more robust policy foundation.
 - Fix the current inconvenient time tables and emphasize on time performance.
 - Establish maintenance standards to assure continued reliability.
 - Work with local governments to ensure bus stops are accessible.
 - Addresses multiple markets and needs not met today.
 - ✓ Required connectivity to the intercity bus network.
 - ✓ Flexed regional travel schedules for day trips to regional centers.







Outrider Planning Conducted by CDOT's Consultants; HDR





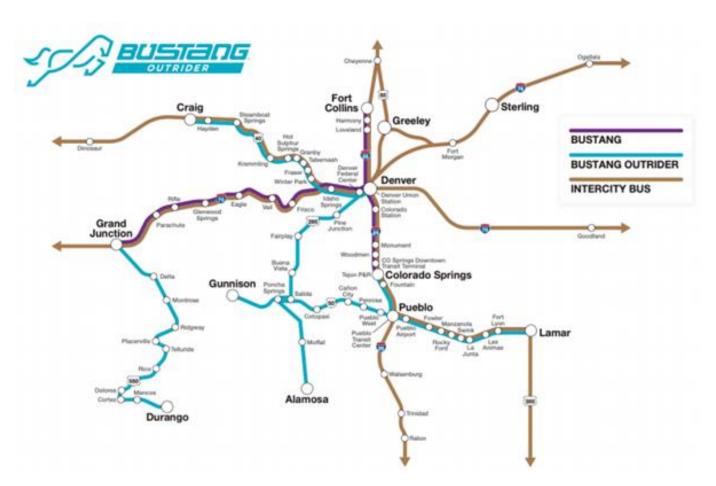
Purpose & Background

- Analyze and prioritize 21 potential Outrider routes.
- Potential routes were identified by DTR and through stakeholder phone interviews (Jan. – Feb. 2018).
- Potential Bustang routes were evaluated but eventually excluded.





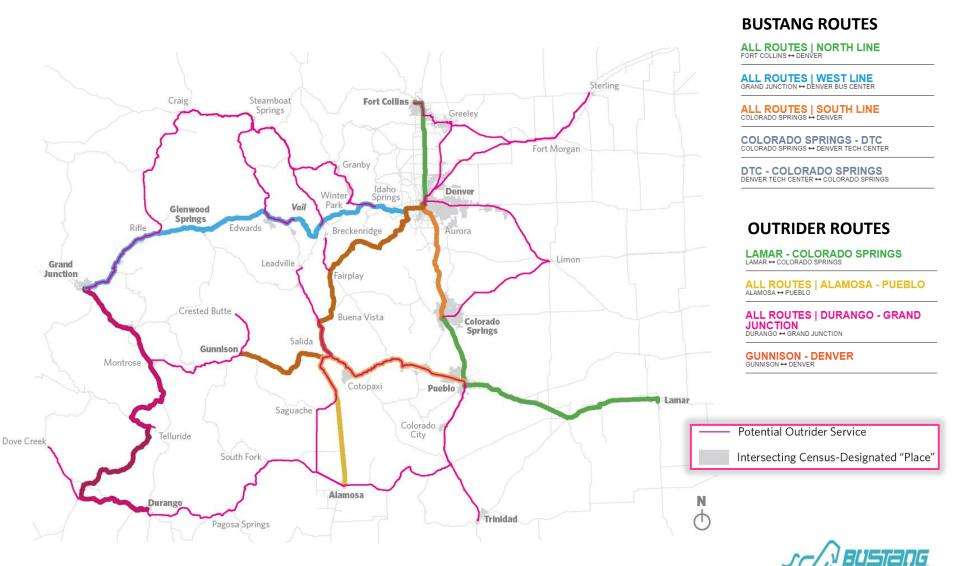
Existing Routes







Potential Outrider Service





Criteria

- 1. Implementation Feasibility
- 2. Social Equity
- 3. Geographic Equity
- 4. Ridership/Productivity





Implementation Feasibility Data Analysis

The feasibility included research and calculation to determine the following information:

- associated cost required to operate new service (based on predicted daily hours, daily cost, daily ridership, daily revenue),
- existing service currently operated along the route,
- **previous planning** efforts identify the proposed route as a priority (based on phone interviews and research),
- new service is an **extension of an existing route** (only extensions from the termini under 50 miles),
- there is considerable stakeholder support.





Social and Geographic Equity Data Analysis

1. Gather Data

- Percent Minority (Hispanic and Non-White).
- Percent Below Poverty Line.
- Percent Households without Access to Vehicles.
- **2. Aggregate Data** by Census Designated Places within a 0.5-mile buffer of each potential route.
- 3. Rank each factor by low, medium and high.
- 4. Determine the CDOT Transportation Region and Transportation Planning Region for each route.





Ridership Forecasts

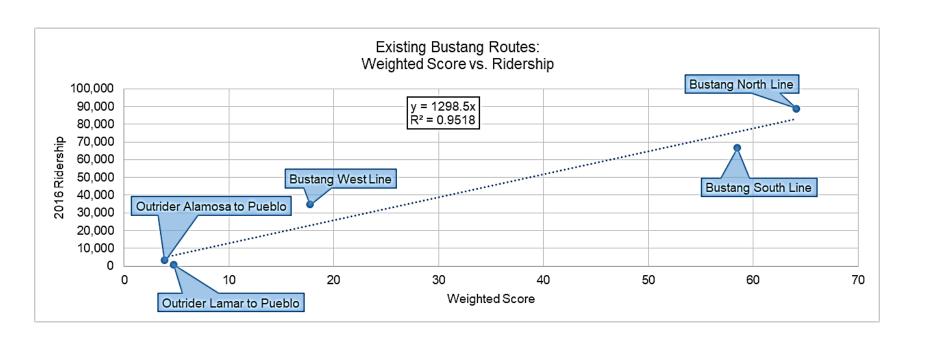
- Gather Data
 - Population and Employment plus disadvantaged populations.
- Aggregate Data and Assign Score
 - Sum census designated places (CDPs) within 0.5-mile buffer of each potential route.
- Normalize and Weight Datasets
 - Population = 15%
 - Employment = 15%
 - Disadvantaged Population = 35%
 - Seniors
 - Below Poverty Line
 - Disabled
 - Households without Vehicle Access = 35%
- Weigh the scores by one-way travel time.





Ridership Forecasts

- 1. Score existing Bustang and Outrider routes using same methodology
- 2. Plot weighted score and 2017 ridership
- 3. Use best-fit line equation to project ridership of the potential routes







Scoring Summary

	Implementation	Social Equity	Geographic Equity		Potential Ridership
Proposed Transit Route (not ranked)	Implementation Rating	Social Equity Rating	CDOT Transportation Planning Region		Potential Annual Ridership: Best Fit Line
Between Alamosa and Salida, via 285 thre		High	San Luis Valley	5	1,159
Between Craig and Frisco	High	Medium	Intermountain, Northw est	3	755
Between Crested Butte and Gunnison	High	Low	Gunnison Valley	3	799
Between Durango and Pagosa Springs	High	Medium	Southw est	5	1,127
Between Limon and Colorado Springs	Medium	Medium	Pikes Peak Area, Eastern, Central Front Range	2, 4	20,185
Between Craig and Grand Junction	Medium	Medium	Grand Valley, Intermountain, Northwest	3	3,268
Betw een Craig and Idaho Springs	Low	Low	Greater Denver Area, Northwest	1,3	539
Between Craig and Vail	Low	Medium	Intermountain, Northw est	3	981
Between Durango and Dove Creek	Medium	Medium	Southw est Southw est	5	1,235
Betw een Durango and Pueblo	Medium	High	Pueblo Area, Southwest, Central Front Range, San Luis Valley, South Cel		2,700
Between Fairplay and Breckenridge	High	Low			615
Betw een Grand Junction and Telluride	High	High		3,5	3,203
Between Montrose and Gunnison	Medium	Medium	Gunnison Valley	3	1,575
Betw een Salida and Leadville	Low	Medium	San Luis Valley, Intermountain	3,5	757
Betw een Salida and Pueblo	High	Low	Pueblo Area, San Luis Valley, Central Front Range	5,2	7,075
Between Sterling and Denver	Medium	High	Greater Denver Area, Eastern, Upper Front Range	4, 1	33,896
Between Sterling and Greeley	Medium	Medium	North Front Range, Eastern, Upper Front Range	4	5,774
Betw een Trinidad and Pueblo	Medium	High	Pueblo Area, South Central	2	8,329





Moving Forward

Meet with all Transportation Planning Regions (TPRs)

- Provide a general project overview and discussion of the route selection process.
- Solicit feedback regarding potential funding, stop locations, routing and operational considerations, timing for service implementation and other factors.
- Key stakeholders interviewed during the onset of the project will be invited to participate.

Develop service plans for top prioritized routes

- Routing
- Stop locations
- Layover locations
- Number of trips per day
- Potential ridership
- Productivity (rides per plat hour)
- Garage pull time
- Number and type of buses required





Where Can I Learn More?

https://ridebustang.com/

https://www.facebook.com/BustangOutrider

https://twitter.com/BustangOutrider

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